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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/014,864	12/11/2001	Michael J. Tari	ICOR-004	3644
26137 7590 08/06/2008 PATENT DEPARTMENT SKADDEN, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER & FLOM LLP FOUR TIMES SQUARE			EXAMINER	
			GREIMEL, JOCELYN	
NEW YORK, NY 10036			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3693	
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			08/06/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	-
	10/014,864	TARI ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	JOCELYN GREIMEL	3693	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stat Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a rep od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTE cute, cause the application to become ABAI	ATION. y be timely filed S from the mailing date of this communication. IDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice unde	nis action is non-final. vance except for formal matter		
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-14 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and Application Papers	rawn from consideration.		
9) The specification is objected to by the Exami 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	ccepted or b) objected to by ne drawing(s) be held in abeyance ection is required if the drawing(s)	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docume 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docume 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a limit	ents have been received. ents have been received in Appriority documents have been re eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	olication No ceived in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/	rmal Patent Application	

DETAILED ACTION

This communication is in response to Applicant's Amendments and Remarks filed 25 April 2008.

Status of Claims

Claims 1-14 are currently pending. Claims 1, 8, 12 and 14 are independent claims.

Claims 5 and 8 are currently amended.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-14 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.

- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over May (US Patent Pub. 2002/0116317) in view of Luke et al (US Patent No. 6,131,087, hereinafter Luke).

In reference to claims 1, 8 and 12-14, May discloses a method, system and apparatus for electronically trading financial instruments among a plurality of traders, each trader being associated with one or more sets of tradeable structures, comprising:

- a. receiving a request for proposal ("RFP") on a financial instrument from a requestor, the RFP including an RFP structure (209+);
- b. during a first response period, receiving two or more responses to said RFP from two or more responders, each said responder providing at least one said response; transmitting said two or more responses to said requestor; allowing said requestor to trade on said two or more responses during a first exclusivity period, each said plurality of traders not being allowed to trade on said two or more responses during said first exclusivity period unless each said trader

comprises said requestor, said first response period and said first exclusivity period being allowed to overlap (234+; 318-335); and

c. at the expiration of said first exclusivity period, allowing said two or more responders to trade on said responses during a second exclusivity period, said traders not being allowed to trade on said responses during said second exclusivity period unless each such trader comprises a requestor or said two or more responders (234-237; 318-335).

May does not disclose: "providing an alert to each trader whose tradeable structures include the RFP structure." However, Luke discloses: "providing an alert to each trader whose tradeable structures include the RFP structure" (col. 8-9). It would have been obvious to one or ordinary skill in the art at the time of the Applicant's invention to have modified the trading structure of May to include the alert of Luke as it would have been more efficient for the potential bidders, thereby making the system more efficient and user-friendly.

In reference to claim 2, May teaches the electronic trading method and system further comprising matching orders at the expiration of said first period and before allowing said responders to trade on said responses (234+). May discloses the above but does not disclose: "providing an alert to each trader whose tradeable structures include the RFP structure." However, Luke discloses: "providing an alert to each trader whose tradeable structures include the RFP structure" (col. 8-9). It would have been obvious to one or ordinary skill in the art at the time of the Applicant's invention to have modified the

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trading structure of May to include the alert of Luke as it would have been more efficient for the potential bidders, thereby making the system more efficient and user-friendly.

In reference to claim 3, May discloses the electronic trading method and system wherein said orders are associated with a bid price or an offer price, said matching orders process further comprising matching crossed orders in which the highest bid prices is higher than the lowest offer price (matching 209-237; 318+). May does not disclose: "providing an alert to each trader whose tradeable structures include the RFP structure." However, Luke discloses: "providing an alert to each trader whose tradeable structures include the RFP structure" (col. 8-9). It would have been obvious to one or ordinary skill in the art at the time of the Applicant's invention to have modified the trading structure of May to include the alert of Luke as it would have been more efficient for the potential bidders, thereby making the system more efficient and user-friendly.

In reference to claim 4, May discloses the electronic trading method and system wherein any responses, which have not been traded on at the end of, said second period are migrated to a general market (209-237; 318+). May does not disclose: "providing an alert to each trader whose tradeable structures include the RFP structure." However, Luke discloses: "providing an alert to each trader whose tradeable structures include the RFP structure" (col. 8-9). It would have been obvious to one or ordinary skill in the art at the time of the Applicant's invention to have modified the trading structure

of May to include the alert of Luke as it would have been more efficient for the potential

bidders, thereby making the system more efficient and user-friendly.

In reference to claim 5, May discloses the electronic trading method and system wherein traders are grouped into trading groups, said method further comprising transmitting said at least one response to said requestor's trading group and said at least one responder's trading group, each said plurality of traders not receiving said two or more responses unless said trader comprises a trader in said requestor's trading group or said at least one responder's trading group (matching 209-237; bilateral credit 318-331). May does not disclose: "providing an alert to each trader whose tradeable structures include the RFP structure." However, Luke discloses: "providing an alert to each trader whose tradeable structures include the RFP structure" (col. 8-9). It would have been obvious to one or ordinary skill in the art at the time of the Applicant's invention to have modified the trading structure of May to include the alert of Luke as it would have been more efficient for the potential bidders, thereby making the system more efficient and user-friendly.

- 2. In reference to claims 6-7, 9 and 11, May discloses the electronic trading system, method and apparatus, including:
 - a. allowing trader's in said requestor's trading group to trade on said responses during said first period, each said plurality of traders not being allowed

to trade on said response during said first period unless said trader comprises a trader in said requestor's trading group;

- b. allowing traders in said responder's trading group to trade on said responses during said second period;
- c. wherein said tradable structures for each said trader are a function of potential traders to a trade;
- d. migrating said responses to a general market at the expiration of said third exclusive period (318-335).

May does not disclose: "providing an alert to each trader whose tradeable structures include the RFP structure." However, Luke discloses: "providing an alert to each trader whose tradeable structures include the RFP structure" (col. 8-9). It would have been obvious to one or ordinary skill in the art at the time of the Applicant's invention to have modified the trading structure of May to include the alert of Luke as it would have been more efficient for the potential bidders, thereby making the system more efficient and user-friendly.

In reference to claim 10, May discloses the electronic trading method and system wherein said first period and said second period are co- terminus (209-237; 318+). May does not disclose: "providing an alert to each trader whose tradeable structures include the RFP structure." However, Luke discloses: "providing an alert to each trader whose tradeable structures include the RFP structure" (col. 8-9). It would have been obvious to one or ordinary skill in the art at the time of the Applicant's invention to have modified

the trading structure of May to include the alert of Luke as it would have been more efficient for the potential bidders, thereby making the system more efficient and user-

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friendly.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jocelyn Greimel whose telephone number is (571) 272-3734. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 8:30 AM - 4:30 PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Kramer can be reached on (571) 272-6783. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from

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a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Jocelyn Greimel Examiner, Art Unit 3693 July 31, 2008

/Stefanos Karmis/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3693